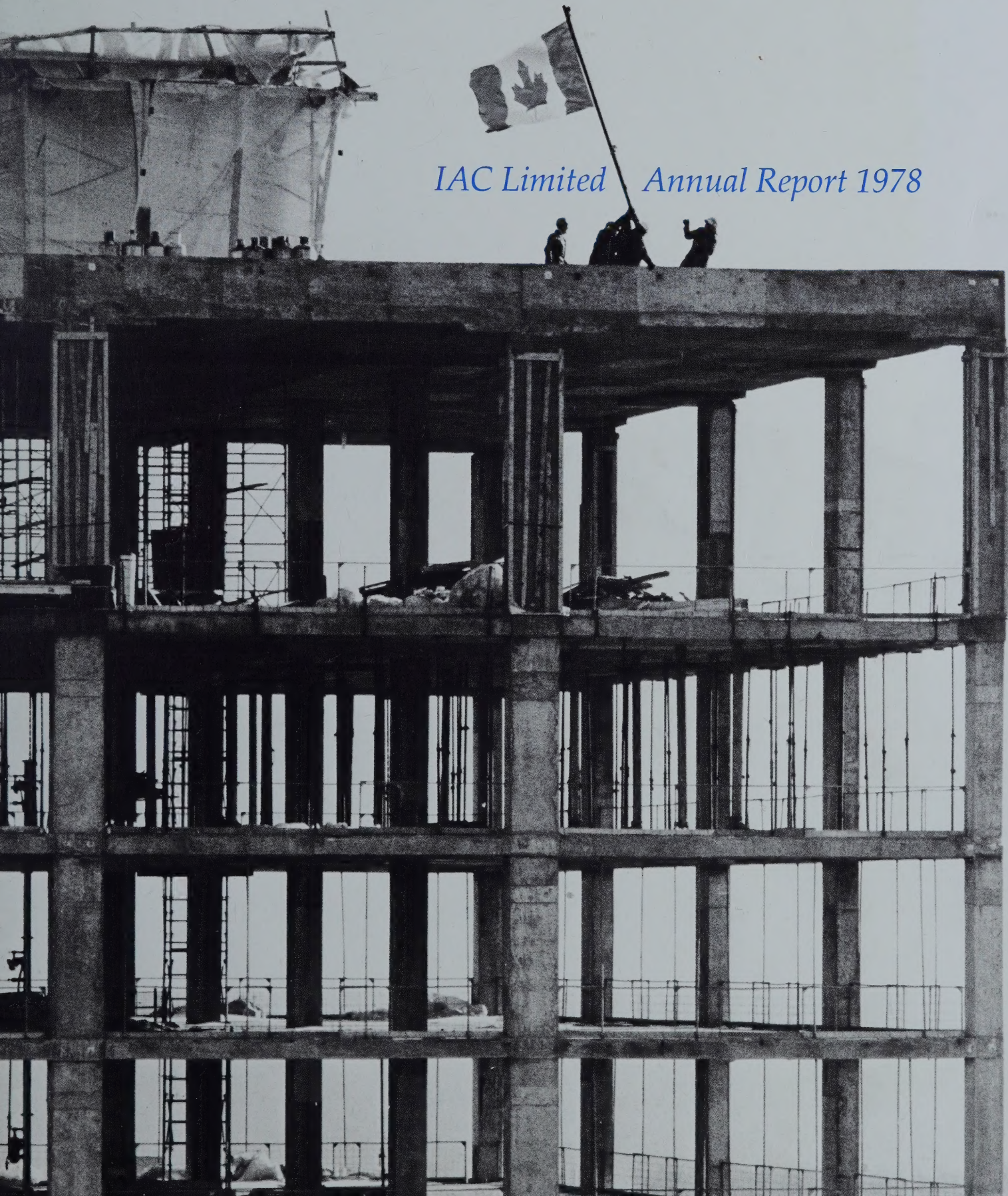


*"The real friend of this country  
is the guy who believes in excellence,  
seeks for it, fights for it, defends it,  
and tries to produce it."*

MORLEY CALLAGHAN

AR27

*IAC Limited Annual Report 1978*





# IAC Limited

IAC Limited  
Incorporated under the laws  
of Canada  
February 7, 1925  
Head Office, 45 St. Clair Avenue West,  
Toronto, Ontario M4V 2Y2

The IAC group of companies is a  
Canadian owned diversified financial  
organization.

Its range of service includes:

Corporate Lending  
Business Loans  
Purchase Credit Plans  
Inventory Financing  
Lease Financing  
Equipment Financing  
Capital Assets Leasing  
Car and Truck Leasing  
Commercial Mortgages  
Personal Loans  
Residential Mortgage Loans

Under the terms of a special Act of the  
Federal Parliament, the Company will  
open the Continental Bank of Canada  
on June 4, 1979.

Si vous désirez recevoir un exemplaire  
en français du rapport annuel de  
IAC, veuillez vous adresser au  
secrétaire, IAC Limitée, 45 ouest,  
avenue St. Clair, Toronto, Ontario,  
M4V 2Y2

## Cover Photo

Construction is well under way on the  
new head office building for the  
Continental Bank of Canada at the  
corner of York and Adelaide Streets in  
Toronto.



*54th Annual Report 1978*

for the year ended December 31, 1978

*Contents*

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*Highlights for the Year*

	1978	1977	Per Cent Increase (Decrease)
Growth in assets	\$ 605,153,000	\$ 135,133,000	
Gross income	\$ 263,221,000	\$ 239,667,000	9.8
Proportion taken up by			
—Cost of borrowed money	64.2%	54.3%	
—General and administrative expenses	23.3%	23.9%	
Earnings applicable to common shares	\$ 21,720,000	\$ 27,707,000	(21.6)
Dividends paid on common shares	\$ 17,646,000	\$ 15,994,000	10.3
Proportion of earnings	81.2%	57.7%	
Earnings per share	\$1.60	\$2.05	
Dividends paid per share	\$1.30	\$1.18	
Return on average net assets	0.88%	1.32%	
Return on average common equity	9.16%	12.29%	

*At the Year End*

Total assets	\$3,141,637,000	\$2,536,484,000	23.9
<b>Details:</b>			
Sales financing	\$1,289,395,000	\$1,050,801,000	22.7
Personal loans	171,532,000	178,086,000	(3.7)
Residential mortgages	319,374,000	258,936,000	23.3
Commercial loans	438,156,000	277,355,000	58.0
Leasing	771,662,000	710,753,000	8.6
Other assets	151,518,000	60,553,000	150.2
Total debt	\$2,242,972,000	\$1,680,839,000	33.4
Short-term debt	990,670,000	642,334,000	54.2
Other term debt	1,252,302,000	1,038,505,000	20.6
Shareholders' equity	\$ 254,660,000	\$ 250,947,000	1.5
Number of common shareholders	12,924	11,589	11.5
—domiciled in Canada	96.7%	96.1%	
Number of common shares outstanding	13,573,943	13,573,643	0.0
—owned in Canada	97.3%	96.7%	
Book value per common share	\$17.60	\$17.29	1.8

Note: For purpose of comparison, 1977 figures exclude those related to insurance subsidiaries sold in November 1977.



## Directors' Report to the Shareholders



Joseph S. Land,  
*Chairman of the Board*

To compete successfully as the Continental Bank of Canada, the Company must maintain strong growth in its assets. It is particularly encouraging, therefore, to report that growth in assets during the year surpassed \$600 million for the first time, bringing total assets to \$3.1 billion at year end.

The record growth in assets comes at the end of a year in which considerable progress was made in our conversion to a bank. Plans were methodically and carefully reviewed to ensure that a smooth and controlled transition will be made to full banking status.

Your directors believe that the Company is well placed to maintain the growth of assets in the future. Currently, \$9 of assets are being created for every \$1 of capital employed compared with a ratio of 25:1 for some chartered banks. Now that the Company is governed by bank legislation it will be able to move to the higher ratio, in effect tripling assets using its present capital base.

The return on assets declined at a rate somewhat sharper than had been expected, resulting in earnings on common shares of \$21.7 million compared with \$33.6 million in the previous year. (It is important to note that earnings in 1977 included \$5.9 million from subsidiary insurance companies, comprising \$2.9 million from their operations and an extraordinary gain of \$3.0 million from their sale.)

A number of factors contributed to the decline, not least of which was the need to lower lending rates to stimulate asset growth by becoming more directly competitive with the banks. As a result, the average yield on receivables was 13.2% compared with 14% in 1977.

The cost of funds, meanwhile was rising rapidly, from 8.4% in 1977 to 9% in 1978. The falling Canadian dollar further aggravated the situation by boosting the exchange rate on interest paid in U.S. funds. The decline in the value of the dollar, in a direct comparison with the previous year, reduced earnings by the equivalent of 16 cents per share.

Other factors had an adverse effect on earnings: general and administrative expenses, despite tight control of all Company costs, rose by \$4 million, or 7% over the previous year, with approximately \$2 million attributable directly to bank preparations. And inflation made its contribution. The result was that gross income of \$263 million, 10% higher than the previous year, was insufficient to offset fully these negatives.

Nevertheless, while earnings declined, the dividend per common share was increased to \$1.30 from \$1.18 in 1977, thus 1978 was the forty-second consecutive year in which dividends were paid. The Company was able to pay out a higher percentage of earnings in dividends because the current high ratio of shareholders' equity to assets is more than adequate to allow for continued asset growth. There is no immediate need to maximize the build-up of retained earnings.

The management of receivables, which represent the bulk of assets, is a key measurement of Company performance. It is of considerable significance to shareholders, therefore, that during the year credit losses as a percentage of average receivables were .37% compared with .42% in 1977. Not only does this figure compare favourably with other financial institutions, but is below the Company's average loss experience over the past decade. For a detailed analysis of results for 1978, shareholders should turn to the section entitled, "Commentary on Operations."



Douglas W. Maloney,  
*President*

The Company will begin operating as a bank on June 4, 1979, and during the year eight Full-Service Branches will open for business. Other IAC branches will become Select Service Branches of the Continental Bank of Canada and offer a wide range of bank lending services. Most of them will take term deposits.



The intention is to convert the Select Service Branches to Full Service over a period of time and on the basis of market priorities. Clearly, the complete conversion will take several years, although management will follow an active policy of opening new Bank branches in those markets which have strong potential for growth. Details of the planning and conversion program for the Bank are contained in the next section of this annual report under the title, "Preparations for the Bank".

It was announced on September 25 that Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation and your Company had held preliminary discussions to examine the feasibility of amalgamating IAC Limited, the Continental Bank and Canada Permanent.

The complementary nature of the business of the two companies provided the basis for the initial discussions. Canada Permanent has skills and experience in retail deposit gathering and in mortgage lending, while IAC has broadly based knowledge of commercial and personal lending and leasing, as well as ready access to major capital markets.

Before any serious negotiations can take place, several other events must occur. First, there must be changes under the Bank Act because the existing Act, passed in 1967, would not permit the amalgamation. Second, IAC must merge into the Continental Bank. Third, the directors of the companies would be required to recommend the move and gain the support of a majority of their shareholders.



Stanley F. Melloy,  
*Executive Vice-President*

There are many uncertainties and a long road between initial discussions and concrete merger proposals. Therefore, it is the intention of the Company to continue focusing its energy and attention on becoming a bank and opening successfully across Canada in June.

The results recorded in this report reflect operations during a year of transition and a year of building. They speak clearly of the enthusiasm and vigor with which IAC's staff across Canada has tackled the difficulties and handled heavy responsibilities. Times of change give people an opportunity to reach levels of achievement beyond the ordinary, and the directors wish to record their appreciation and warm thanks to all the staff for their outstanding performance.

During the year the board appointed the following new officers: John P. Barratt, Vice-President, and Donald H. Lyons, Vice-President.

The board also wishes to pay tribute to one of its members, Franklin K. Spragins who passed away in November. Mr. Spragins was elected to the board at the Annual General Meeting in April, 1978 and played an active role in its affairs before his untimely death.

The outlook for the Canadian economy for the year ahead is not especially encouraging. Despite that, this company carries a strong forward momentum as it starts an exciting new venture, confident of the long term future.

On behalf of the Board

A blue ink signature, likely of John P. Barratt, written in a cursive style.

Chairman

A blue ink signature, likely of Stanley F. Melloy, written in a cursive style.

President

February 28, 1979







# Preparations for the Bank

## Planning

The careful planning of past years moved into a more intense phase during 1978. There was an acute awareness in the Company that what was achieved during the year would affect directly, even critically, the success of the Continental Bank as it took its place as the new entry in the market place.

### Management Integration

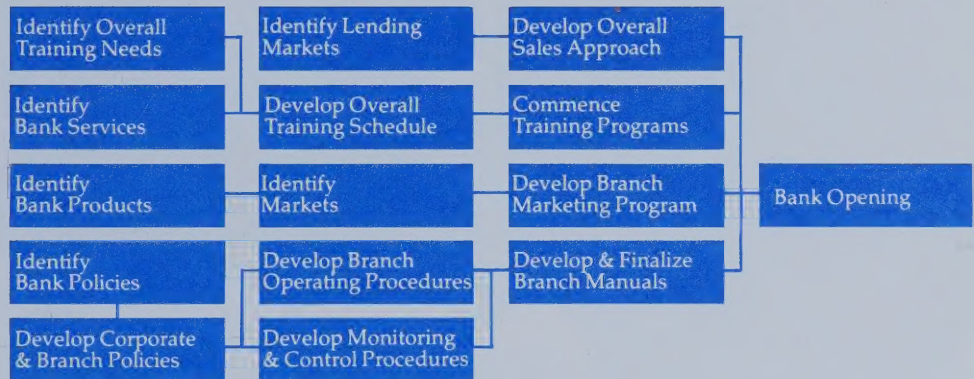
One of the first tasks in the planning process started in 1976. A management structure suitable for the Bank had to be created from a diverse and separate group of companies operating under the IAC umbrella. Each had its own management and operated with a high degree of autonomy. Each had a national branch network and its own supervisory personnel.

Gradually, the integration of the IAC and Niagara companies at all management levels began. During 1978, this integration was completed. All companies were unified for operating purposes into one effective and balanced organization under a single corporate executive.

### Branch Rationalization

In tandem with the integration planning, divisional and head office personnel evaluated the market and branch requirements.

Unification had left the Company holding a number of small branch units that did not meet the performance criteria for the Bank, and during 1978 many of these were consolidated into larger neighbouring branches.



*Decisions have been planned by a critical path technique.*

By June 4—Bank Day—the Company will have approximately 140 branches across Canada in market areas where there is an above-average growth potential.

### Corporate Strengths

The Continental Bank must fit into a banking community in which there are 11 chartered banks, each with its own strengths, as well as a number of foreign bank subsidiaries.

The identity of the Bank, certainly in the initial period, will reflect the character and past experiences of the Company, which has been providing a wide range of financial services for more than half a century. In recent years, the strong competition for IAC's traditional lines of business has honed the skills required for aggressive business development, and these will stand the Bank in good stead.

Long experience in business financing and support of small and medium-sized companies, has developed skills in the management of credit risks that are, perhaps, without peer in the financial community. Above all, IAC has built strong links with customers and, as a bank, will be able to strengthen these further by offering a total business and personal financial service.

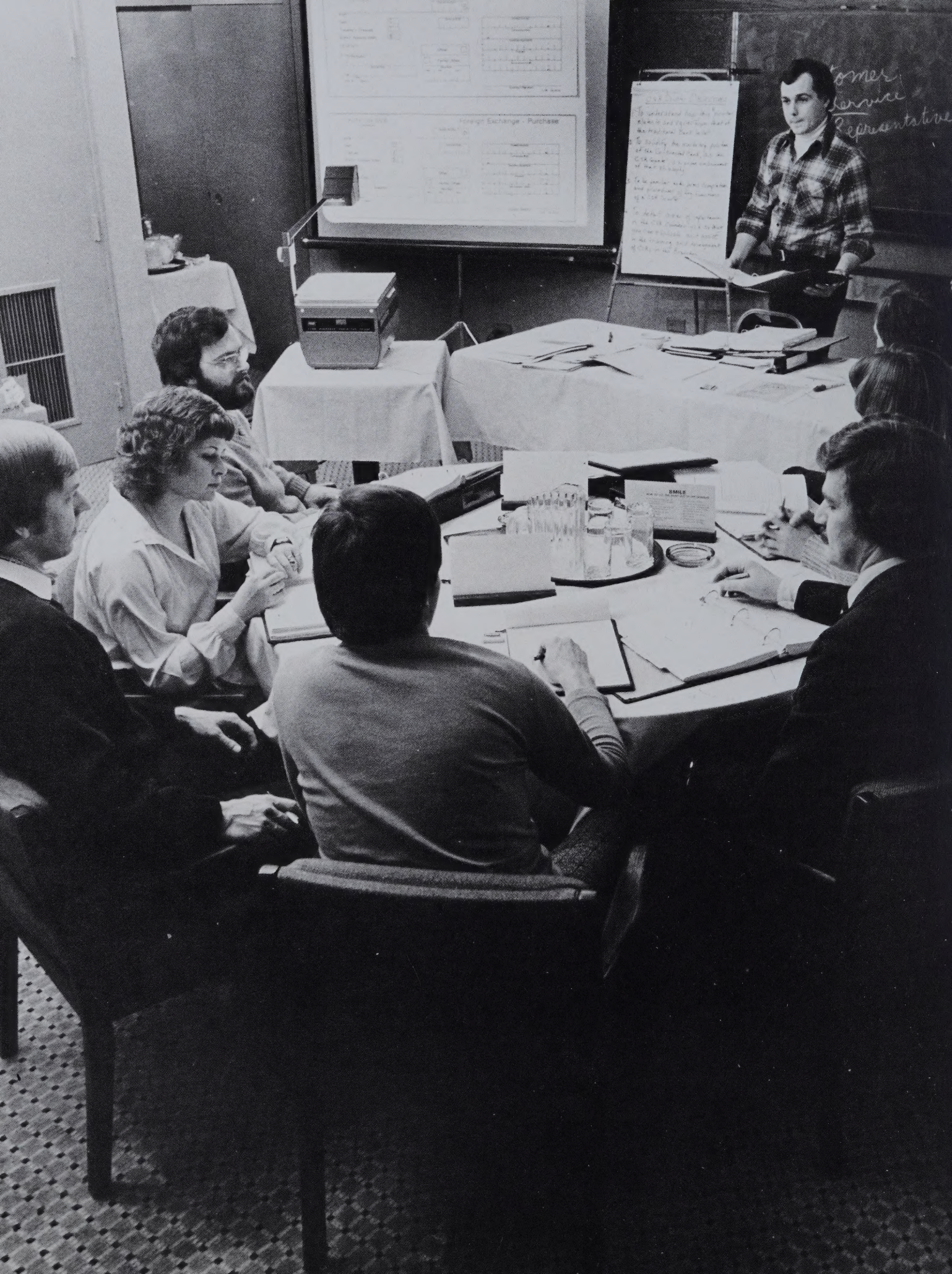
Continental Bank will grow from these roots cautiously, yet confidently.



*Major building developments have progressed on schedule under the guidance of experienced project managers.*

*Representatives of the Company's main departments have been meeting throughout 1978 in bank planning groups.*





Foreign Exchange - Purchase

Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Total Price
1000 US Dollars	1000	1.00	1000.00
500 US Dollars	500	1.00	500.00
250 US Dollars	250	1.00	250.00
125 US Dollars	125	1.00	125.00
62.5 US Dollars	62.5	1.00	62.50
31.25 US Dollars	31.25	1.00	31.25
15.625 US Dollars	15.625	1.00	15.625
7.8125 US Dollars	7.8125	1.00	7.8125
3.90625 US Dollars	3.90625	1.00	3.90625
1.953125 US Dollars	1.953125	1.00	1.953125
0.9765625 US Dollars	0.9765625	1.00	0.9765625
0.48828125 US Dollars	0.48828125	1.00	0.48828125
0.244140625 US Dollars	0.244140625	1.00	0.244140625
0.1220703125 US Dollars	0.1220703125	1.00	0.1220703125
0.06103515625 US Dollars	0.06103515625	1.00	0.06103515625
0.030517578125 US Dollars	0.030517578125	1.00	0.030517578125
0.0152587890625 US Dollars	0.0152587890625	1.00	0.0152587890625
0.00762939453125 US Dollars	0.00762939453125	1.00	0.00762939453125
0.003814697265625 US Dollars	0.003814697265625	1.00	0.003814697265625
0.0019073486328125 US Dollars	0.0019073486328125	1.00	0.0019073486328125
0.00095367431640625 US Dollars	0.00095367431640625	1.00	0.00095367431640625
0.000476837158203125 US Dollars	0.000476837158203125	1.00	0.000476837158203125
0.0002384185791015625 US Dollars	0.0002384185791015625	1.00	0.0002384185791015625
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0.0000			



## Branch Organization

### Statutory Requirements

The special Act establishing the bank requires that all eligible IAC business be handled by the Continental Bank as of June 4. On that date, all Company offices must become branches of the Bank.

It would be economically unsound, indeed imprudent, to attempt to open a fully staffed, fully operational branch network on Bank Day. Therefore, no branch will offer full banking services until its staff is fully trained, its security adequate and its ability to provide superior service to its customers assured. It is essential that the Continental Bank not create expectations it is unable to fulfil.

For that reason, there will be two types of branches: Select Service Branches and Full Service Branches.

### Select Service Branches

All but eight of the Company's offices will open as Select Service Branches providing, in most respects, the broad range of personal, mortgage and business loans and leasing service they do now. Their most significant new activity will be taking term deposits from individual and business customers.

Select Service Branches will be a new concept in Canadian banking, acting as lending centres in the communities in which they are located. While they will offer a select list of services, the staffs will be operating well within their range of experience and able to offer first-class service to customers.

The intention is to convert most Select Service Branches to Full Service in due course.



*The first eight Full Service Branches will be located in markets across Canada.*

### Full Service Branches

Eight Full Service Branches will open before the end of 1979. These will be in:

Halifax	Mississauga
Montreal	Hamilton
Toronto	Calgary and
Scarborough	Vancouver

They will offer a full range of banking services, including deposit services for individual and business customers. The staff will be our most experienced, and managers will have support teams of business

development, credit and administration and training officers. Where considered necessary, bank trained administrators have been hired to supplement the skills of existing IAC personnel. From Bank Day on, all Full Service Branches will run efficiently, and have two principal functions:

- To develop and service business
- To act as training centres for staff who will move on to convert the Select Service Branches.

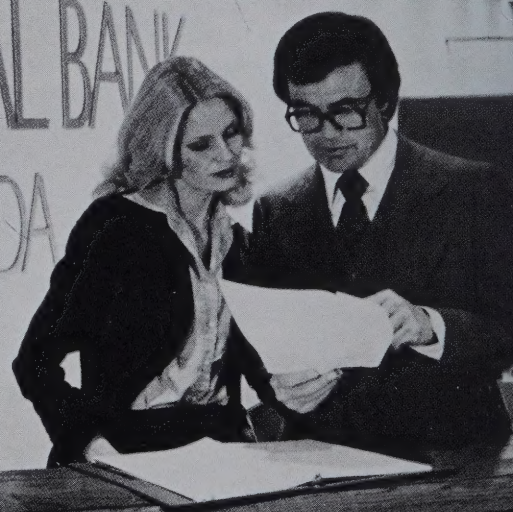


*Intensive training sessions are preparing the staff for Bank Day.*

*Full Service Branches will project an image of confidence for the Continental Bank.*



# CONTINENTAL BANK OF CANADA





## Banking Concepts

In organization and business emphasis, the Continental Bank will not be conventional. It will implement concepts that are new to the Company and, in some cases, new to banking.

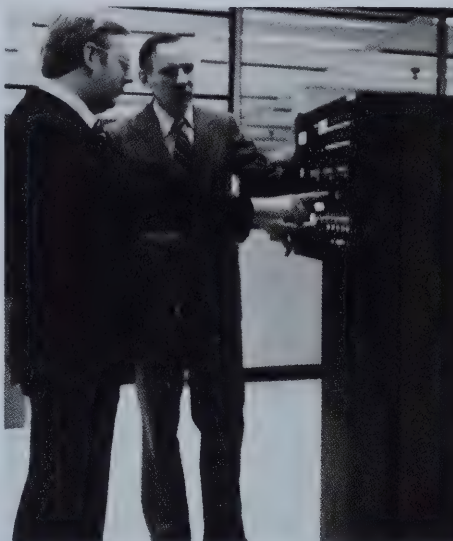
## Customer Service

IAC's great strength, and the principal reason for its growth over the years, has been its ability to develop business based upon an understanding of a client's financial needs. As a full service bank, that function is going to become a much more important one, and on a daily basis.

Therefore, a new category of specialist is being trained to provide a focused client service for each commercial and retail customer. The benefits are two fold: customers will receive a high level of personal service; and business development officers will be free to concentrate on asset growth without being burdened with time-consuming administrative work in their branches.



*Signs carrying the new corporate identity will appear on all branches.*



*The Company has been working with IBM to utilize the latest advances in computer technology for banking.*

## Systems

The introduction of computer technology to bookkeeping has brought a virtual revolution to bank administration. It has allowed banks to service customers in innovative ways that were beyond them in the days when accounts were processed manually. It is no longer necessary for example, to go to a particular branch to conduct business: any branch that is on line to a computer can draw information on all accounts, and it is possible to provide customers with monthly statements which report all their dealings in a simple, straightforward way.

[illegible]

*The Customer Banking Report will provide a complete statement of each customer's monthly banking activities.*

Many banks in Canada and the United States already are taking advantage of the opportunities offered by the computer to treat a customer simply as a customer, and not as a series of unrelated account numbers. To give the Continental Bank similar advantages, the Company has been

working with IBM to develop and install an on-line computer system that will be ready for the opening of the Full Service Branches, and will adapt the latest advances in computer banking technology to provide the best possible customer services.

## Premises

There will be a considerable investment in premises in becoming a bank, and all of the Company's 140 branches will require some physical changes to make them suitable.

While it is important to have attractive premises, both for customers and for staff, it is also evident the Company cannot indulge in extravagant and wasteful physical conversions. Therefore, a code of design principles has been adopted for Full Service Branches, and a model branch has been constructed in a warehouse in Toronto.

The purpose of the model is to test materials, develop furniture and find ways of standardizing designs and fixtures, while at the same time maintaining some individual branch identity.

By studying and learning from the building programs of successful retail companies, it is expected that the Company will be able to convert its premises tastefully, economically, and at the same time project an appropriate image through its branches.

## People

At its simplest, banking is a business where people can make a difference, and the personal relationship between banker and customer is at the core of good banking service.

IAC's staff has been trained to find innovative ways to service clients, and the new scope of activities in the Bank will give them many opportunities to expand their customer service skills, experience greater personal growth in their careers, and be involved in the activities of an exciting new venture.

Ultimately, the success of the Continental Bank will depend on the evident enthusiasm and skill with which IAC's people are already approaching their new responsibilities.

*A distinctive physical conversion program has been initiated for branch premises.*



# Commentary on Operations

Because of the changing nature of the Company's business this commentary is designed to facilitate comparisons of performance with the chartered banks. Revenue and expense items are expressed as a percentage of average assets. This measure can be thought of as how much was earned and how much was spent for every \$100 of assets in place.

## Summary

In 1978 the Company recorded the largest annual growth in assets in its history. At year end, assets had passed \$3 billion.

While a decline in return on assets had been expected, the sharpness of the decline was somewhat greater than anticipated, due mainly to abrupt increases in the cost of money and to a continuing loss of value of the Canadian dollar.

Earnings applicable to common shares declined to \$21.7 million in the current year from \$27.7 million last year, excluding earnings from insurance subsidiaries and gain on their sale in 1977. This resulted in earnings per common share from financial operations of \$1.60 in 1978 compared with \$2.05 in 1977.

1978	3,141
1977	2,536
1976	2,410
1975	2,391
1974	\$2,139

Assets (\$ Billions)

	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Consumer	26%	22%	21%	18%	15%
Residential Mortgage	9%	9%	11%	10%	11%
Business Finance	65%	69%	68%	72%	74%

Asset Mix

## Asset Growth and Asset Mix

The successful introduction of lending programs with bank competitive interest rates produced strong asset growth in 1978. These programs include the Continental Plan, a new dealer financing plan, Continental Plus, a new personal loans plan, and more competitively priced existing services.

As at December 31, 1978 assets were \$3.1 billion compared with \$2.5 billion a year earlier, which represents a 24% increase in assets during the year.

Asset mix is changing as bank conversion approaches. Consumer loans have declined as a percentage of

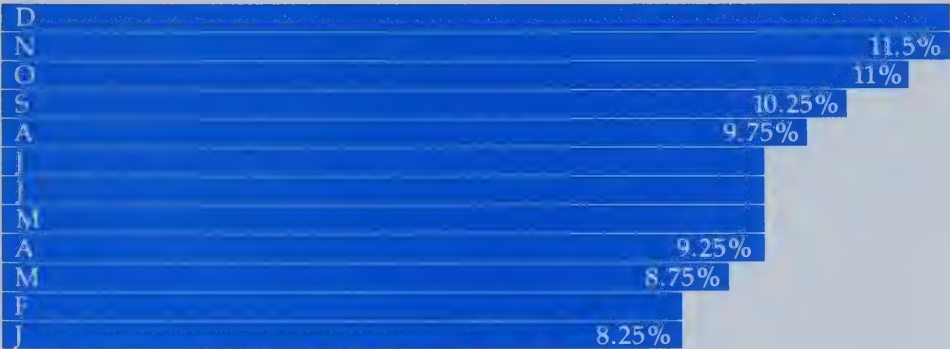
overall outstandings from 26% in 1974 to 15% today. Most of this decrease has taken place in the small loans category. At the same time, business financing has increased in importance from 65% in 1974 to 74% in 1978.

Asset mix will continue to change as the Bank starts to offer traditional short term bank lending against receivables and inventory.

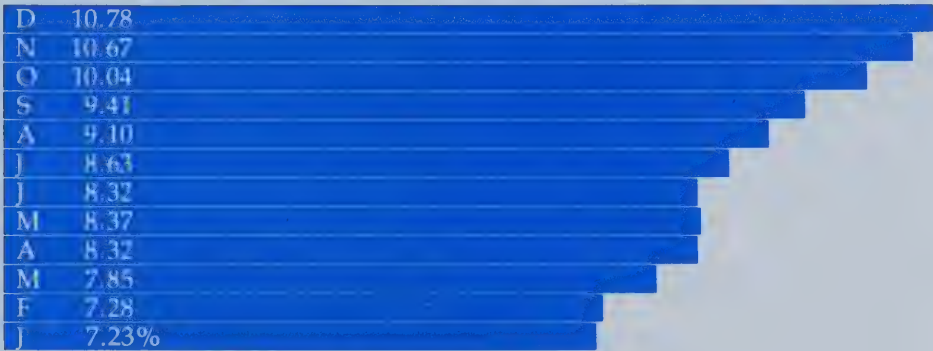


Interest Rates

1978 was a year of rapidly rising short term interest rates. The prime rate moved up six times during the year, from 8¼% in January to 11½% in December. In response, the short term cost of funds increased sharply. Finance paper yielded close to 7% at the beginning of the year and had reached 10½% by year end.



Prime Rate 1978



90-Day Finance Paper



# Commentary on Operations

(continued)

## Net Interest Earnings

A rapid rise in short term money costs has an effect that is temporarily detrimental to net interest earnings. As a large percentage of assets are at fixed interest rates, the increase in the cost of money used to fund these assets cannot be offset until the assets mature and are replaced at a higher rate. In the meantime net interest earnings or margins are squeezed. Of course the reverse is true in a period of declining short term rates, when margins benefit accordingly.

In addition, the continued decline of the Canadian dollar added to money cost because of U.S. dollar debt service requirements.

In the fourth quarter of 1977, gross income (before provision for doubtful receivables) was \$12.01 for every \$100 of average assets in place. The cost of money on the same basis was \$6.33, leaving a margin of \$5.68. By the fourth quarter of 1978 gross income was \$11.57 for every \$100 of assets in place while the cost of money had increased to \$7.49, leaving a margin of \$4.08.

For the full year the margin was \$4.68 which was \$1.23 less than the \$5.91 earned for every \$100 of average assets in place in 1977.

## Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses were \$61.4 million in 1978, 7% higher than in 1977, but a relatively small increase considering that substantial start-up costs for the Bank were absorbed this year.

Expressed as a percentage of average assets, administrative expenses were \$2.48 for every \$100 of assets in 1978, compared with \$2.73 in 1977. This improvement can be attributed to good control of expenses and rapid growth in assets.

### Cost of Funds

Cost of Funds			Gross Income
4	1978	7.49	11.57
3	1978	6.89	11.48
2	1978	6.68	11.69
1	1978	6.21	11.41
4	1977	\$6.33	\$12.01

### Income/Expense per \$100 Assets in Fiscal Quarters

4	1978	4.08
3	1978	4.59
2	1978	5.01
1	1978	5.20
4	1977	\$5.68

### Margin per \$100 Assets in Fiscal Quarters

1978	61.4
1977	57.2
1976	56.0
1975	54.8
1974	\$47.4

### Administrative Expense (\$ Millions)

1978	2.48
1977	2.73
1976	2.82
1975	2.99
1974	\$2.89

### Administrative Expense per \$100 Assets



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## Earnings and Return on Assets

The rapid growth in assets and the modest growth in administrative expenses were not enough to offset the large decline in margins, a decline brought about primarily by high interest rates and depreciation of the dollar. Consequently, earnings were lower.

Earnings per share on financial operations (i.e. excluding insurance operations in 1977) fell from \$2.05 in 1977 to \$1.60 in 1978.

The measurement of after-tax earnings on financial operations expressed as a percentage of assets, or return on assets, shows a decline from 1.32% in 1977 to 0.88% in 1978. The rate of decline in return on assets experienced in 1978 was more attributable to the economic environment than to Bank start-up costs, and it will slow when interest rates decline.

1978	1.60
1977	2.05
1976	2.05
1975	2.06
1974	\$1.60

Earnings per Share (from Financial Operations)

1978	.88
1977	1.32
1976	1.39
1975	1.52
1974	\$1.30

Return on Assets (After-tax Earnings per \$100 Assets)



*Consolidated Statement of Earnings*

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Gross Income</b> (note 2) .....	<b>263,221</b>	239,667
<b>Expenditure</b>		
Cost of borrowed money—		
Short-term debt .....	64,028	51,251
Other term debt .....	105,082	78,912
	169,110	130,163
General and administrative .....	61,443	57,179
	32,668	52,325
<b>Provision for Income Taxes</b>		
Current .....	1,648	5,737
Deferred .....	8,428	17,981
	22,592	23,718
<b>Earnings from Insurance Operations</b> (notes 3 and 4) .....	—	28,607
<b>Earnings Before Extraordinary Item</b> .....	22,592	2,898
<b>Extraordinary Item</b>		
Gain on sale of subsidiaries (note 3) .....	—	3,023
<b>Earnings for the Year</b> .....	<b>22,592</b>	<b>34,528</b>



*Consolidated Statement of Retained Earnings*

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Earnings for the year .....	22,592	34,528
Dividends on preferred shares .....	872	900
<b>Earnings Applicable to Common Shares</b> .....	<b>21,720</b>	<b>33,628</b>
Dividends on common shares at \$1.30 per share (1977—\$1.18) .....	17,646	15,994
Earnings retained in the business .....	4,074	17,634
Gain on preferred shares purchased for cancellation .....	80	65
Reassessment of capital taxes for the years 1972 to 1976 net of income taxes of \$405,000 .....	—	(581)
Increase in retained earnings for the year .....	4,154	17,118
Retained earnings at beginning of year .....	183,228	166,110
Retained earnings at end of year (note 5) .....	<u>187,382</u>	<u>183,228</u>
<b>Common Stock Earnings per Share—</b> Calculated on daily average of common shares outstanding— 13,573,901; 1977—13,551,871 (note 6)		
(a) Before extraordinary item .....	\$1.60	\$2.26
(b) After extraordinary item .....	<u>\$1.60</u>	<u>\$2.48</u>



*Consolidated Balance Sheet*

as at December 31, 1978

<i>Assets</i>	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Cash and Short-Term Deposits</b> .....	<u>58,557</u>	<u>7,012</u>
<b>Marketable Securities</b> —at cost, plus accrued income (market value 1978—\$9,282,000; 1977—\$24,691,000) .....	<u>9,318</u>	<u>24,822</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		
Sales financing (note 7) .....	1,289,395	1,050,801
Personal loans (note 14) .....	171,532	178,086
Residential mortgages .....	319,374	258,936
Commercial loans .....	438,156	277,355
Leasing .....	771,662	710,753
Other .....	17,814	5,203
	<u>3,007,933</u>	<u>2,481,134</u>
Allowance for doubtful receivables (note 14) .....	<u>23,523</u>	<u>25,284</u>
	<u>2,984,410</u>	<u>2,455,850</u>
<b>Investments in other Companies</b> —at cost .....	<u>11,852</u>	<u>9,651</u>
<b>Other Assets and Deferred Charges</b>		
Income taxes recoverable .....	2,589	153
Leasehold improvements, prepaid expenses and deferred acquisition costs .....	7,109	2,493
Unamortized debt discount and expense .....	18,883	13,251
Unrealized foreign exchange losses .....	45,004	19,127
Premises and equipment—at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$6,418,000 (1977—\$6,200,000) .....	3,915	4,125
	<u>77,500</u>	<u>39,149</u>
	<u><u>3,141,637</u></u>	<u><u>2,536,484</u></u>

Signed on behalf of the Board

J.S. Land, Director   D.W. Maloney, Director



<i>Liabilities</i>	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Secured Short-Term Notes</b> .....	965,670	642,334
<b>Unsecured Short-Term Notes</b> .....	25,000	—
<b>Secured Term Notes</b> (Schedule A and note 10) .....	1,120,812	900,520
<b>Debentures</b> (Schedule B and note 10) .....	93,154	98,927
<b>Subordinated Debentures</b> (Schedule C and notes 10 and 13) .....	33,701	33,956
<b>Unsecured Term Notes</b> (note 9) .....	4,635	5,102
	<u>2,242,972</u>	<u>1,680,839</u>
<b>Payables</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities .....	106,231	106,269
Income taxes .....	164	1,698
	<u>106,395</u>	<u>107,967</u>
<b>Unearned Income</b> (note 11) .....	363,534	331,083
<b>Deferred Income Taxes</b> (note 12) .....	174,076	165,648
	<u>2,886,977</u>	<u>2,285,537</u>
<i>Shareholders' Equity</i>		
<b>Capital Stock</b> (Schedule D)		
Preferred shares .....	15,821	16,268
Common shares (note 13) .....	51,457	51,451
	<u>67,278</u>	<u>67,719</u>
<b>Retained Earnings</b> (note 5) .....	187,382	183,228
	<u>254,660</u>	<u>250,947</u>
	<u>3,141,637</u>	<u>2,536,484</u>



# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Sources of Funds</b>		
Operations—		
Earnings before extraordinary item .....	22,592	31,505
Amortization of debt discount and expense .....	2,272	1,699
Amortization and depreciation of fixed assets .....	1,589	1,645
Provision for deferred income taxes .....	8,428	17,815
Contribution to earnings of unconsolidated subsidiary and mortgage insurance company .....	—	(1,398)
	<u>34,881</u>	<u>51,266</u>
Borrowings—		
Short-term debt—issues, less redemptions .....	340,886	23,883
Other term debt—		
Proceeds from new borrowings .....	265,594	192,983
Redemptions .....	82,217	104,681
	<u>183,377</u>	<u>88,302</u>
	<u>524,263</u>	<u>112,185</u>
Funds received on sale of subsidiaries .....	—	22,067
Less: Cost of assets sold .....	—	9,578
	<u>—</u>	<u>12,489</u>
Other—		
Net increase in payables .....	2,521	3,024
Decrease in marketable securities .....	15,504	8,709
	<u>577,169</u>	<u>187,673</u>
<b>Uses of Funds</b>		
Increase (decrease) in operating assets—		
Receivables—		
Sales financing .....	238,594	(1,643)
Personal loans .....	(6,554)	(25,623)
Residential mortgages .....	60,438	10,056
Commercial loans .....	160,801	193,765
Leasing .....	60,909	536
	<u>514,188</u>	<u>177,091</u>
Decrease (increase) in unearned income .....	(32,451)	44,505
Decrease (increase) in allowance for doubtful receivables .....	1,761	(1,227)
	<u>483,498</u>	<u>220,369</u>
Capital Stock—		
Common shares—proceeds of issue .....	(6)	(423)
Preferred shares—cost of redemptions .....	367	290
	<u>361</u>	<u>(133)</u>
Investments in other companies .....	2,201	1,268
Dividends paid on common and preferred shares .....	18,518	16,894
Reassessment of prior years' capital tax .....	—	581
Other—		
Net increase (decrease) in other assets including other receivables .....	21,046	(544)
Increase (decrease) in cash and short-term deposits .....	<u>51,545</u>	<u>(50,762)</u>
	<u>577,169</u>	<u>187,673</u>



# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended December 31, 1978

## 1. Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Principles of consolidation

The statements consolidate the accounts of the company and its subsidiaries.

### (b) Recognition of revenue

Precomputed charges on sales financing retail receivables for terms for less than forty-eight months and on personal loan receivables are taken into income using the sum-of-the-digits method on an account by account basis. Because this method does not maintain the original yield over longer terms, on sales financing retail contracts written for terms in excess of forty-eight months, unearned income is taken into earnings on the actuarial yield basis.

Discount on residential mortgages purchased is brought into income over the remaining term of the mortgage using the actuarial yield method.

Leasing transactions are reported in accordance with the financing method of accounting. The excess of aggregate rentals over the cost of the leased asset is recorded as unearned income at the time of the transaction. Income is taken up over the term of the lease pro rata to the declining balance of the investment. Gains arising from residual values of leased assets are reflected in earnings only when

realized. Contractual disposal proceeds negotiated at the inception of the lease are included in unearned income and taken up as described above.

### (c) Allowance for doubtful receivables

For residential mortgage receivables, the allowance is set up as a percentage of such receivables. For all other receivables such allowance is established by evaluating individual accounts. After collection possibilities have been exhausted, any balance remaining on an account is written off.

### (d) Translation of foreign currencies

Unhedged assets and liabilities are translated to Canadian funds at current exchange rates. Foreign currency borrowings which are covered by forward exchange contracts are recorded at exchange rates established under the terms of such contracts. Exchange gains and losses on current assets and liabilities are considered to be realized and are reflected in the statement of earnings for the current fiscal year. Net unrealized exchange losses or gains resulting from the difference between the current exchange rate and the exchange rate at the date the proceeds of unhedged borrowings were received or the date of purchase of unhedged assets are deferred and

carried in "Unrealized foreign exchange losses" or "Unrealized foreign exchange gains" respectively, in the balance sheet.

### (e) Amortization of debt discount and expense

Debt discount and expense is amortized over the term of the related debt instrument. If the debt is prepayable or exchangeable at the holder's option, the amortization is calculated to the first optional maturity date. When a debt obligation is redeemed prior to maturity, the related unamortized charges are written off at the time of redemption.

### (f) Methods of depreciation

Buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the rate of 2.5% per annum. All other assets are depreciated at the maximum rates allowed by the regulations of the Canadian Income Tax Act for claiming capital cost allowances.

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the term of the respective leases.

### (g) Amortization of acquisition costs

Acquisition costs for certain of the sales financing retail receivables are deferred and amortized over the term of the contract using the sum-of-the-digits method.

## 2. Gross Income

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's	Increase (decrease) \$000's	%
Sales financing .....	136,341	122,279	14,062	11.5
Personal loans .....	25,207	29,459	(4,252)	(14.4)
Residential mortgages .....	36,764	36,387	377	1.0
Commercial loans .....	29,531	17,244	12,287	71.3
Leasing .....	47,726	46,342	1,384	3.0
	275,569	251,711	23,858	9.5
Provision for doubtful receivables .....	(11,206)	(11,159)	(47)	0.4
Acquisition costs .....	(4,111)	(1,363)	(2,748)	201.6
	260,252	239,189	21,063	8.8
Investment income .....	2,969	478	2,491	521.1
	263,221	239,667	23,554	9.8

## 3. Sale of Subsidiary Companies

On November 15, 1977, the company sold all of its shares of its subsidiaries, The Sovereign Life Assurance Company of Canada and The Sovereign General Insurance Company.

The company previously recorded its investment in The Sovereign Life

Assurance Company of Canada at cost plus the company's portion of increase in unassigned surplus of the subsidiary since acquisition. Included in earnings for 1977 was the company's portion of the increase in the unassigned surplus of the subsidiary in the amount of \$851,000.

The results of operations of The Sovereign General Insurance Company for 1977, which were consolidated amounted to net earnings after tax of \$1,500,000. This amount is included in "earnings from insurance operations" in the statement of earnings.



# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended December 31, 1978 (continued)

## 4. Sale of The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance Company

On December 19, 1977, the company exchanged its investment in 40% of the common shares and \$2,468,000 of the preferred shares of The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance Company for 17% of the common shares and \$2,468,000

of the preferred shares of Insmor Holdings Limited.

The investment in The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance Company was accounted for on the equity method. Included in earnings for 1977 was the company's share of earnings of The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance

Company in the amount of \$547,000. The investment in shares of Insmor Holdings Limited is accounted for on the cost basis and is included in "Investments in other companies" on the balance sheet.

## 5. Retained Earnings—Statutory Appropriation

As at December 31, 1978, an amount of \$9,179,000 equal to the par value of preferred shares purchased for cancellation, had been set aside in the accounts out of retained earnings (1977—\$8,732,000).

## 6. Fully Diluted Common Stock Earnings per Share

Assuming that all conversion rights outstanding at December 31, 1978 had actually been exercised at the beginning of the year, fully diluted earnings per common share for the year ended December 31, 1978 would have been:

	1978 \$	1977 \$
(1) Before extraordinary item .....	<u>1.55</u>	<u>2.16</u>
(2) After extraordinary item .....	<u>1.55</u>	<u>2.36</u>

The calculation assumes that earnings applicable to common shares were increased by \$1,180,000 representing the elimination of interest, net of income taxes, attributable to the 9½% convertible subordinated debentures.

## 7. Sales Financing Receivables

Sales financing receivables comprise:

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Wholesale receivables .....	<u>395,694</u>	349,162
Retail receivables .....	<u>893,701</u>	701,639
	<u>1,289,395</u>	<u>1,050,801</u>

## 8. Maturities of Gross Receivables and Borrowings

(In millions of dollars)

### Receivables

	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years	6-10 years	Over 10 years	Total
Sales financing .....	816.6	276.8	144.3	36.7	10.8	4.2	—	1,289.4
Personal loans .....	78.3	56.5	28.3	7.0	1.4	—	—	171.5
Residential mortgages .....	34.0	44.1	51.6	59.4	104.7	12.6	13.0	319.4
Commercial loans .....	26.2	24.4	19.4	40.0	101.7	192.6	33.8	438.1
Leasing .....	126.6	117.6	100.9	82.0	68.5	205.1	71.0	771.7
Other receivables .....	17.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	17.8

### Borrowings\*

### Excess of Receivables (Borrowings)

1,099.5	519.4	344.5	225.1	287.1	414.5	117.8	3,007.9
1,063.2	89.7	58.1	96.0	290.8	514.5	130.6	2,242.9
36.3	429.7	286.4	129.1	(3.7)	(100.0)	(12.8)	765.0

All receivables have been allocated on the basis of contractual terms.

\*Allocation not adjusted for sinking fund, mandatory redemption and purchase fund requirements (see note 10).



## 9. Unsecured Term Notes

Unsecured notes comprise:

Parent company—

8% term note for U.S. \$3,062,000 (1977—U.S. \$3,471,000) repayable in equal semi-annual instalments until 1986

Niagara Finance Company Limited—

6% term note for U.S. \$852,000 (1977—U.S. \$1,193,000) repayable in equal semi-annual instalments until 1981

1978	1977
\$000's	\$000's

3,624	3,797
-------	-------

1,011	1,305
<u>4,635</u>	<u>5,102</u>

## 10. Sinking Fund, Mandatory Redemption and Purchase Fund Requirements

The sinking fund and mandatory redemption requirements for the five years ending December 31, 1979 to 1983 are as follows:

	\$000's
1979	5,706
1980	6,024
1981	6,976
1982	10,035
1983	3,801

Certain issues have purchase fund requirements which are non-cumulative and under which the IAC companies are required to redeem only debt instruments offered to them subject to limitations as to price and aggregate annual amounts. It is not possible to predict the amounts that will be offered by holders. The maximum purchase fund requirements for the years ending December 31 are as follows:

(In millions of dollars)  
Years ending December 31,

1979	17.0
1980	12.8
1981	11.7
1982	9.9
1983	6.8
1984-1987	28.3
after 1987	21.7

## 11. Unearned Income

Unearned income comprises:

Unearned service charges relating to sales financing receivables	121,208	95,879
Unearned service charges relating to personal loans	24,878	25,319
Deferred income relating to residential mortgages	3,782	3,457
Deferred income relating to commercial loans	265	373
Unearned income relating to leasing receivables	213,401	206,055

1978	1977
\$000's	\$000's
<u>363,534</u>	<u>331,083</u>

## 12. Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes arise from timing differences relating to the treatment for income tax purposes of income and expenses associated with the following:

Commercial loans	180	147
Residential mortgage receivables	1,158	971
Unamortized debt discount and expense	1,757	707
Premises and equipment	161	171
Leasing receivables	170,820	163,652

1978	1977
\$000's	\$000's
<u>174,076</u>	<u>165,648</u>

## 13. Common Shares

1,194,650 common shares are reserved for conversion rights exercisable until July 14, 1979 at 50 shares (equivalent to \$20 per share) and thereafter, until

July 14, 1984 at 46 shares (equivalent to \$21.74 per share) for each \$1,000 of principal of the 1974 9½% convertible subordinated debentures.

## 14. Sale of Receivables

Niagara Finance Company Limited sold approximately \$21 million of receivables at various times during the year. These sales resulted from the consolidation of the branch network in

preparation for the parent company's conversion to a bank. A net loss on these sales amounting to \$2,874,000 has been charged to the allowance for doubtful receivables.



*Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*

for the year ended December 31, 1978 (continued)

**15. Commitments Under Leases**

The company has leases on office premises used for their business, requiring rental payments as follows:

Years	Approximate annual rentals \$
1979 .....	3,650,000
1980 .....	3,476,000
1981 .....	2,866,000
1982 .....	2,629,000
1983 .....	2,419,000
The aggregate rentals for 1984 and thereafter amount to \$8,333,000.	

**16. Remuneration of Directors and Officers**

Aggregate remuneration of the IAC Limited directors as directors of:

	1978 \$	1977 \$
IAC Limited .....	121,084	100,113
Niagara Finance Company Limited .....	15,787	16,500
The Sovereign General Insurance Company .....	—	8,150
The Sovereign Life Assurance Company of Canada .....	—	11,750
	<u>136,871</u>	<u>136,513</u>
Number of directors of IAC Limited .....	<u>25</u>	<u>21</u>
Aggregate remuneration of the IAC Limited officers as officers of IAC Limited .....	<u>1,600,379</u>	<u>1,684,237</u>
Aggregate remuneration of the IAC Limited officers as directors of:		
Niagara Finance Company Limited .....	6,885	8,400
The Sovereign General Insurance Company .....	—	2,650
The Sovereign Life Assurance Company of Canada .....	—	2,350
	<u>6,885</u>	<u>13,400</u>
Number of IAC Limited officers .....	<u>25</u>	<u>24</u>
Number of IAC Limited officers who were also directors .....	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

**17. Contingent Liabilities**

IAC and some of its subsidiaries are parties to certain litigation incidental to the kind of business conducted.

In the opinion of management, the

ultimate liability, if any, will not materially affect the company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

**18. Conversion to a Chartered Bank**

On July 14, 1977, an Act of Parliament incorporating the Continental Bank of Canada and providing for the conversion of the company into a bank received Royal Assent. On

June 15, 1978, the Governor in Council approved the application of the Continental Bank of Canada to commence business. It is planned that the Bank will commence operations on June 4, 1979.



# Consolidated Details of Secured Term Notes

as at December 31, 1978—Schedule A

	Year of issue		Rate %	Maturity date	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Payable in Canadian funds—</b>						
Parent company	1959	"T"	5¾	April 1, 1979 .....	6,000	6,000
	1959	"V"	6½	December 1, 1979 .....	5,000	5,000
	1960	"W"	6	August 15, 1980 .....	7,500	7,500
	1961	"X"	5¾	November 15, 1981 .....	8,500	8,500
	1962	"Y"	5½	July 2, 1982 .....	10,000	10,000
	1964	"28"	5¾	September 15, 1984 .....	15,000	15,000
	1965	"31"	5¾	March 1, 1985 .....	12,500	12,500
	1965	"33"	6	December 1, 1985 .....	5,000	5,000
	1966	"34"	6½	February 1, 1986 .....	6,000	6,000
	1969	"37"*	8¼	May 1, 1979 .....	200	200
	1969	"37"*	8¾	May 1, 1989 .....	1,200	1,200
	1972	"39"*	8¾	September 1, 1991 .....	25,193	26,914
	1976	—	9½	May 15, 1981 .....	25,000	25,000
	1976	— *	10¼	July 30, 1983 .....	100,000	100,000
	1977	—	9	March 1, 1984 .....	100,000	100,000
	1978	—	9¾	June 15, 1985 .....	125,000	—
					<u>452,093</u>	<u>328,814</u>
<b>Niagara Finance Company</b>						
Limited	1964	"1"	5¾	April 15, 1984 .....	10,000	10,000
	1964	"2"	5¾	May 1, 1985 .....	10,000	10,000
	1965	"3"	5¾	May 1, 1985 .....	10,000	10,000
	1966	"4"	7½	December 1, 1986 .....	5,000	5,000
	1968	"5"	8¼	May 1, 1988 .....	7,500	7,500
					<u>42,500</u>	<u>42,500</u>
<b>Niagara Realty of Canada</b>						
Limited	1970	"A"*	9¾	December 15, 1990 .....	4,610	4,610
	1971	"B"*	7⅞	December 15, 1986 .....	739	17,923
	1972	"C"*	8¼	August 15, 1982 .....	12,700	12,893
	1973	"D"*	7⅞	May 15, 1988 .....	17,479	18,376
	1974	"E"*	9	March 1, 1994 .....	23,178	23,460
	1974	"F"*	10¼	June 18, 1981 .....	9,733	9,834
	1974	"F"***	10¾	December 18, 1984 .....	11,958	12,750
	1977	"G"***	9½	January 30, 1984 .....	49,364	50,000
	1978	"H"	9½	May 2, 1983 .....	75,000	—
					<u>204,761</u>	<u>149,846</u>
<b>Payable in U.S. funds</b>						
Parent company				Par value U.S. \$000's		
	1962	"Z"	5¼	October 1, 1982 .....	10,000	11,867
	1963	"27"	5¼	April 1, 1988 .....	10,000	11,867
	1964	"29"	5	October 1, 1984 .....	10,000	11,867
	1965	"30"	5	February 15, 1985 .....	15,000	17,800
	1965	"32"	5½	October 1, 1987 .....	20,000	23,734
	1966	"35"	5¾	February 1, 1986 .....	12,825	15,219
	1968	"36"***	7¾	October 15, 1986 .....	9,800	11,630
	1969	"38"***	9½	June 1, 1990 .....	12,725	15,101
	1974	"40"***	9¼	May 15, 1994 .....	41,800	49,604
	1976	"41"°	9½	March 15, 1983 .....	47,500	56,368
	1978	— °	9	March 15, 1986 .....	25,000	29,668
					<u>214,650</u>	<u>254,725</u>
					<u>25,500</u>	<u>29,538</u>
<b>Niagara Finance Company</b>						
Limited	1975	"6"***	10½	September 1, 1990 .....	25,500	29,538

Holders of "37" notes due in 1979 have an option to exchange these notes at maturity for either 8½% 1984 notes or 8¾% 1989 notes.

Holders of "38" notes have the right to prepayment on June 1, 1980 or 1985.

Holders of "A" notes have the right to prepayment on December 15, 1980 or 1985.

Holders of "D" notes have the right to

prepayment on May 15, 1980.

Holders of "E" notes have the right to prepayment on March 1, 1980.

The 9% notes due March 1, 1984 are redeemable after March 1, 1983, and prior to maturity, at their principal amount.

The parent company has guaranteed secured notes of Niagara Realty of Canada Limited as to

principal, interest and redemption premiums, if any.

\*These notes have purchase fund provisions (note 10).

\*\*These notes have sinking fund provisions (note 10).

°These notes have mandatory redemption provisions (note 10).



*Consolidated Details of Secured Term Notes*

as at December 31, 1978—Schedule A (continued)

	Year of maturity		1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Notes issued</b> at rates of interest varying from 7.875% to 10.25%				
Payable in Canadian funds—				
Parent company	1978 .....		—	46,505
	1979 .....		37,671	27,090
	1980 .....		13,037	2,515
	1981 .....		5,221	—
	1982 .....		577	—
	1983 .....		10,369	—
	1984 .....		5,000	—
			<u>71,875</u>	<u>76,110</u>
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1978 .....		—	172
	1979 .....		15	15
	1980 .....		20	20
	1982 .....		5	5
			<u>40</u>	<u>212</u>
Payable in U.S. funds				
Parent company	1978 .....	Par value U.S. \$000's	—	1,969
	1979 .....	1,800	2,136	1,969
	1980 .....	1,800	2,136	1,969
	1981 .....	1,800	2,136	1,970
	1982 .....	35,000	41,535	38,290
	1983 .....	10,000	11,867	10,940
		<u>50,400</u>	<u>59,810</u>	<u>57,107</u>
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1982 .....	1,000	1,187	1,094
	1983 .....	1,000	1,187	1,094
	1984 .....	1,000	1,187	1,094
	1985 .....	1,000	1,186	1,094
		<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,747</u>	<u>4,376</u>
			<u>1,120,812</u>	<u>900,520</u>

All notes payable in U.S. funds have been  
converted at current exchange rates  
(note 1(d)).



## Consolidated Details of Debentures

as at December 31, 1978—Schedule B

	Year of issue	Rate %	Maturity date	Amount authorized and issued \$000's	Outstanding 1978 \$000's	Outstanding 1977 \$000's
Payable in Canadian funds— Parent company	1958	5½**	February 1, 1978 . . . .	6,000	—	2,952
	1959	6 **	June 15, 1979 . . . . .	10,000	5,626	6,150
	1960	6¾**	February 1, 1980 . . . .	10,000	5,715	6,386
	1961	5¾**	July 2, 1981 . . . . .	10,000	6,899	7,289
	1962	5¾**	February 15, 1982 . . .	10,000	6,126	6,543
	1965	6½*	December 15, 1983 . .	10,000	5,727	5,974
	1966	7½*	December 15, 1986 . .	10,000	6,351	6,566
	1970	9½°	October 15, 1992 . . . .	15,000	11,496	11,793
	1975	9¾°°	March 25, 1995 . . . .	30,000	29,785	29,785
					<u>77,725</u>	<u>83,438</u>
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1972	8 **	April 17, 1992 . . . . .	15,000	429	489
	1974	11½°°°	October 15, 1994 . . . .	15,000	15,000	15,000
					<u>15,429</u>	<u>15,489</u>
					<u>93,154</u>	<u>98,927</u>

\*Sinking fund debentures (note 10).

\*\*These debentures have purchase fund provisions (note 10).

°These debentures have purchase fund provisions until October 15, 1982 and sinking fund provisions thereafter. Holders have the right to prepayment on October 15, 1982 (note 10).

°°These debentures have purchase fund provisions until March 25, 1983 and sinking fund provisions thereafter. Holders have the right to prepayment on March 25, 1983 (note 10).

°°°These debentures have purchase fund provisions and the holders have the right to prepayment on October 15, 1979, 1984 and 1989 (note 10).

## Details of Subordinated Debentures

as at December 31, 1978—Schedule C

	Year of issue	Rate %	Maturity date	Amount authorized and issued \$000's	Outstanding 1978 \$000's	Outstanding 1977 \$000's
Payable in Canadian funds— Parent company	1966	6¾*	August 15, 1984 . . . .	15,000	9,658	9,888
	1967	7 *	November 1, 1985 . . .	10,000	150	169
	1974	9½**°	July 15, 1994 . . . . .	24,000	23,893	23,899
					<u>33,701</u>	<u>33,956</u>

\*These debentures have sinking fund provisions (note 10).

\*\*Convertible debentures (note 13).

°These debentures have purchase fund provisions (note 10).



*Consolidated Details of Capital Stock*

as at December 31, 1978—Schedule D

	1978		1977	
	Shares	Amount \$000's	Shares	Amount \$000's
<b>Preferred Shares</b>				
Authorized and issued—				
4½% cumulative shares				
of \$100 each redeemable at \$101 .....	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000
Purchased for cancellation .....	<u>62,734</u>	<u>6,273</u>	<u>61,824</u>	<u>6,182</u>
	<u>37,266</u>	<u>3,727</u>	<u>38,176</u>	<u>3,818</u>
5¾% cumulative shares of \$25 each redeemable at				
\$26, declining to \$25.25 at May 15, 1981 .....	600,000	15,000	600,000	15,000
Purchased for cancellation .....	<u>116,233</u>	<u>2,906</u>	<u>101,983</u>	<u>2,550</u>
	<u>483,767</u>	<u>12,094</u>	<u>498,017</u>	<u>12,450</u>
		<u>15,821</u>		<u>16,268</u>
<b>Common Shares</b>				
Authorized without nominal or par value (note 13) .....	<u>20,000,000</u>		<u>20,000,000</u>	
Issued and fully paid—				
Beginning of year .....	<u>13,573,643</u>	<u>51,451</u>	<u>13,544,033</u>	<u>51,028</u>
Issued during the year—				
On conversion of 1967				
7% convertible				
subordinated debentures .....	—	—	29,610	423
On conversion of 1974				
9½% convertible				
subordinated debentures .....	<u>300</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>300</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>29,610</u>	<u>423</u>
End of year .....	<u>13,573,943</u>	<u>51,457</u>	<u>13,573,643</u>	<u>51,451</u>

*Auditors' Report to the Shareholders*

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of IAC Limited as at December 31, 1978 and the consolidated statements of earnings, retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly

included such tests and other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1978 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then

ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

February 23, 1979

*Coopers & Lybrand*  
Chartered Accountants



**Accounting Policies**

Accounting policies relating to the principles of consolidation, recognition of revenue, allowance for doubtful receivables, translation of foreign currencies, amortization of debt discount and expense, methods of depreciation and amortization of acquisition costs are presented in note 1 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements, page 19.

**Bank Lines of Credit**

The IAC companies maintain lines of credit with nine Canadian banks and directly or through their affiliates with twenty-five U.S. banks (including the ten largest banks). These bank lines are maintained to facilitate the short-term borrowing operations of the IAC companies. In accordance with general practice, bank lines of credit are subject to periodic review and may be terminated or reduced at the discretion of the bank. The total of all credit lines amounted to \$742.4 million at December 31, 1978.

**Borrowing Operations**

IAC and its subsidiary, Niagara Finance Company Limited, borrow in the short, medium, and long-term markets in both the U.S.A. and in Canada. Another subsidiary, Niagara Realty of Canada Limited, has issued series of long-term secured notes. These notes are guaranteed by the parent company.

**Branch Organization**

The activities of the IAC companies are carried on in all provinces of Canada. The branches are under the overall direction of Regional Managers. Regional Managers are accountable to the Division General Managers. There are four geographic divisions headquartered in Halifax, Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver. The Capital Funds Division, because of its specialized functions, is headquartered in Toronto and has a different branch network. This organization structure continues to be revised in anticipation of the opening of the Continental Bank of Canada on June 4, 1979. The number of branches at that date will be approximately 140.

**Delinquencies**

Delinquent accounts are those of which the lesser of \$25 or half of an instalment is past due one month or more.

Renewed accounts are analyzed on the basis of the current payment schedule and extended accounts on the basis of the extended schedule. "Renewal" is a new contract entered into before the expiry of the old for the purpose of reducing the amount of the instalments originally agreed to by the customer. An "extension" means the postponement of all or a part of a current instalment.

The prerequisites for granting renewals or extensions are strictly determined and renewed or extended accounts are carefully controlled. Partial payments, no matter how recent, will not remove an account from delinquent status. The Supplement to this Annual Report contains detailed information.

**Intercompany Borrowing**

IAC, the parent company, does not borrow from subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are not permitted to invest in IAC securities either by way of debt instruments or of preferred or common stock.

**Pension Fund**

IAC has a contributory pension plan (based on retirement at age 62) covering all permanent employees aged 27 and over with more than one year of service. The pension plan is based on the highest average remuneration received over a period of five consecutive years prior to retirement. The company's contribution for 1978 amounted to \$1,461,000 (1977: \$1,476,000). In addition the company contributed \$385,000 (1977: \$376,000) to various government pension plans.

**Write-Offs**

Net credit losses written off during the year totalled \$10,093,000 or 0.37% of average receivables (1977: \$9,932,000 or 0.42% of average receivables).



*Ten Year Operating and Statistical Summary*

	1978	1977	1976
<b>Assets and Liabilities (\$000's)</b>			
Total assets .....	3,141,637	2,536,484	2,409,966
Total receivables .....	3,007,933	2,481,134	2,305,514
Details:			
Sales financing—wholesale .....	395,694	349,162	287,670
—retail .....	893,701	701,639	764,774
Personal loans .....	171,532	178,086	203,709
Residential mortgages .....	319,374	258,936	248,880
Commercial loans .....	438,156	277,355	83,590
Leasing .....	771,662	710,753	710,217
Other receivables .....	17,814	5,203	6,674
Total debt .....	2,242,972	1,680,839	1,545,947
Total equity .....	254,660	250,947	233,761
Debt to equity ratio: times .....	8.81	6.70	6.61
<b>Operating Highlights (\$000's) (% of gross income)</b>			
Gross income .....	263,221	239,667	248,341
Cost of borrowed money .....	169,110 64.2	130,163 54.3	135,265 54.5
General expenses .....	61,443 23.3	57,179 23.9	55,995 22.5
Earnings .....	22,592 8.6	34,528 13.3	32,267 12.0
Preferred dividends .....	872 .3	900 .3	926 .4
Earnings applicable to common shares .....	21,720 8.3	33,628 12.9	31,341 11.6
Average cost of borrowed money % .....	9.0	8.4	8.9
<b>Common Stock Facts</b>			
Earnings per share outstanding—daily average .....	\$1.60	\$2.48	\$2.31
Per cent return on average equity .....	9.2	14.9	15.0
Dividends paid per share .....	\$1.30	\$1.18	\$1.14
Number of shareholders .....	12,924	11,589	11,307
Number of shares outstanding			
—year end .....	13,573,943	13,573,643	13,544,033
—daily average .....	13,573,901	13,551,871	13,543,285
—owned in Canada—year end % .....	97.3	96.7	96.5
Book value per share .....	\$17.60	\$17.29	\$16.03

For purpose of comparison, some of the figures for previous years have been restated to conform to the current presentation.



1975		1974		1973		1972		1971		1970		1969	
2,390,847		2,139,457		1,852,885		1,523,353		1,298,134		1,232,688		1,188,228	
2,298,700		2,065,068		1,779,556		1,455,635		1,206,857		1,143,403		1,111,494	
295,850		296,164		239,568		215,289		177,130		137,116		138,770	
771,584		798,840		725,232		606,912		516,973		533,823		566,407	
216,450		216,617		197,479		173,487		159,102		155,565		152,675	
202,247		175,619		127,589		94,148		75,992		62,631		52,044	
84,349		75,274		58,707		55,215		61,739		77,088		83,623	
724,840		498,701		427,499		307,813		212,812		173,089		113,567	
3,380		3,853		3,482		2,771		3,109		4,091		4,408	
1,540,203		1,407,572		1,203,673		974,080		850,844		841,506		843,284	
218,822		203,645		188,437		179,520		160,882		150,628		143,431	
7.04		6.91		6.39		5.43		5.29		5.59		5.88	
227,092		208,648		159,665		137,160		128,243		132,646		126,071	
114,265	50.3	115,847	55.5	73,280	45.9	55,919	40.8	52,838	41.2	60,693	45.8	56,030	44.4
54,776	24.1	47,415	22.7	42,839	26.8	39,926	29.1	37,180	29.0	37,577	28.3	36,697	29.1
30,450	12.5	23,336	10.5	22,494	13.1	21,994	14.9	19,415	14.0	16,862	11.8	15,484	11.4
988	.4	996	.4	1,019	.6	1,034	.7	1,064	.8	1,079	.8	1,118	.8
29,462	12.1	22,340	10.1	21,475	12.5	20,960	14.2	18,351	13.2	15,783	11.0	14,366	10.5
8.3		9.0		7.2		6.6		6.7		7.4		7.1	
\$2.18		\$1.69		\$1.65		\$1.65		\$1.50		\$1.30		\$1.19	
15.2		12.6		13.0		13.8		13.5		12.5		12.1	
\$1.09		\$ .98		\$ .96		\$ .84		\$ .80		\$ .72½		\$ .70	
11,435		11,853		12,510		12,672		12,802		13,502		13,904	
13,541,883		13,487,698		13,006,293		12,988,399		12,306,118		12,131,720		12,060,587	
13,513,111		13,204,861		12,995,747		12,694,400		12,207,770		12,085,813		11,922,218	
96.3		96.3		95.7		96.2		95.2		94.7		94.1	
\$14.84		\$13.73		\$13.05		\$12.35		\$11.50		\$10.78		\$10.17	

# Niagara Finance Company Limited

The planned rationalization of this subsidiary's branch network continued throughout 1978, with many smaller units being consolidated into larger neighbouring branches. In addition, some receivables involving high-servicing expense were sold.

With the commencement of operations of the Continental Bank of Canada close at hand, business development efforts were directed to the building of a more appropriate

personal loan portfolio comprising larger balances. As a consequence, there was an increase from the previous year of 45% in the size of the average transaction.

The combination of rate adjustments to more appropriate levels, a lower average of total receivables outstanding and increased cost of borrowed funds resulted in a reduction in earnings to \$2,023,000 from \$3,122,000 in the previous year.

On a more positive note, a result of the restructuring of the company's operations was a reduction of almost \$1,000,000 or 8% in general and administrative expenses from the previous year.

With the commencement of operations of the Continental Bank of Canada on June 4, new personal loan business will be done by the Bank in accordance with the requirements of the special Act which created the Bank.

## Selected Niagara Finance Statistics:

	1978	1977	1976	1975	1974
Earnings (\$ thousands) .....	2,023	3,122	6,364	5,858	5,508
Receivables (\$ millions) .....	303.8	291.6	310.2	317.8	310.3

## Statement of Earnings

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Gross Income</b> (note 2) .....	<b>29,636</b>	<b>32,407</b>
<b>Expenditure</b>		
Cost of borrowed money—Short-term debt .....	5,722	4,139
Other term debt .....	8,786	9,989
	14,508	14,128
General and administrative (note 3) .....	11,495	12,487
	26,003	26,615
	3,633	5,792
<b>Provision for Income Taxes</b>		
Current .....	(346)	1,312
Deferred .....	1,956	1,358
	1,610	2,670
<b>Earnings</b> .....	<b>2,023</b>	<b>3,122</b>

## Statement of Retained Earnings

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Earnings for the Year</b> .....	<b>2,023</b>	<b>3,122</b>
<b>Dividends</b>		
Class A shares .....	808	1,500
Common shares .....	892	1,500
	1,700	3,000
	323	122
<b>Reassessment of capital taxes for the years</b>		
1973 to 1976 net of income taxes of \$47,000 .....	—	(66)
<b>Increase in Retained Earnings for the Year</b> .....	<b>323</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>Retained Earnings—Beginning of Year</b> .....	<b>19,181</b>	<b>19,125</b>
<b>Retained Earnings—End of Year</b> .....	<b>19,504</b>	<b>19,181</b>



*Balance Sheet*

as at December 31, 1978

<i>Assets</i>	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Cash</b> .....	<u>434</u>	<u>511</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		
Personal loans (note 4) .....	187,774	200,720
Leasing .....	103,085	85,859
Other (note 5) .....	<u>12,938</u>	<u>5,067</u>
	303,797	291,646
Allowance for doubtful receivables (note 4) .....	<u>2,866</u>	<u>5,961</u>
	<u>300,931</u>	<u>285,685</u>
<b>Other Assets and Deferred Charges</b>		
Prepaid expenses .....	32	47
Unamortized debt discount and expense .....	1,057	943
Unrealized foreign exchange loss .....	4,443	1,894
Income taxes recoverable .....	<u>990</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>6,522</u>	<u>2,884</u>
	<u>307,887</u>	<u>289,080</u>
 <i>Liabilities</i>		
<b>Secured Short-Term Notes</b> .....	77,558	43,483
<b>Secured Term Notes</b> (notes 6 and 9) .....	77,548	76,626
<b>Debentures</b> (notes 7 and 9) .....	15,429	15,489
<b>Unsecured Notes</b> (note 8) .....	<u>7,396</u>	<u>27,865</u>
	<u>177,931</u>	<u>163,463</u>
<b>Payables</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities .....	4,341	5,474
Income taxes payable .....	<u>—</u>	<u>717</u>
	<u>4,341</u>	<u>6,191</u>
<b>Unearned Income</b> (note 10) .....	<u>57,715</u>	<u>53,805</u>
<b>Deferred Income Taxes</b> (note 11) .....	<u>23,396</u>	<u>21,440</u>
	<u>263,383</u>	<u>244,899</u>
 <i>Shareholders' Equity</i>		
<b>Capital Stock</b>		
Authorized—150,000 5¼% non-cumulative, participating Class A shares with a par value of \$100 each, redeemable at par 150,000 common shares without nominal or par value		
Issued and fully paid—125,000 Class A shares .....	12,500	12,500
125,000 common shares .....	<u>12,500</u>	<u>12,500</u>
	25,000	25,000
<b>Retained Earnings</b> .....	<u>19,504</u>	<u>19,181</u>
	<u>44,504</u>	<u>44,181</u>
	<u>307,887</u>	<u>289,080</u>

Signed on behalf of the Board   L.R. Woodall, Director   D.W. Maloney, Director

*Statement of Changes in Financial Position*

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Sources of Funds</b>		
Operations—		
Earnings .....	2,023	3,122
Amortization of debt discount and expense .....	165	152
Provision for deferred income taxes .....	1,956	1,358
	<u>4,144</u>	<u>4,632</u>
Borrowings—		
Short-term debt .....	8,787	22,269
Other term debt—redemption .....	(1,981)	(34,550)
	<u>6,806</u>	<u>(12,281)</u>
	<u>10,950</u>	<u>(7,649)</u>
<b>Uses of Funds</b>		
Increase (decrease) in operating assets—		
Receivables—Personal loans .....	(12,946)	(25,280)
Leasing .....	17,226	2,315
	<u>4,280</u>	<u>(22,965)</u>
Decrease (increase) in allowance for doubtful receivables .....	3,095	(250)
Decrease (increase) in unearned income .....	(3,910)	8,394
	<u>3,465</u>	<u>(14,821)</u>
Dividends .....	1,700	3,000
Net increase in other assets including other receivables .....	4,303	3,027
Net decrease in payables .....	1,559	3,349
Reassessment of prior years' capital taxes net of income taxes .....	—	66
	<u>11,027</u>	<u>(5,379)</u>
Decrease in cash .....	(77)	(2,270)
	<u>10,950</u>	<u>(7,649)</u>

*Notes to Financial Statements*

for the year ended December 31, 1978

**1. Significant Accounting Policies***(a) Recognition of revenue*

Precomputed charges on personal loans are taken into income using the sum-of-the-digits method on an account by account basis.

Leasing transactions are reported in accordance with the financing method of accounting. The excess of aggregate rentals over the cost of the leased asset is recorded as unearned income at the time of the transaction. Income is taken up over the term of the lease pro rata to the declining balance of the investment. Gains arising from residual values of the leased assets are reflected in earnings only when realized. Contractual disposal proceeds negotiated at the inception of the lease are included in unearned

income and taken up as described above.

*(b) Allowance for doubtful receivables*

For loans such allowance is established by evaluating individual accounts. After collection possibilities have been exhausted, any balance remaining on an account is written off.

*(c) Translation of foreign currencies*

Unhedged liabilities are translated to Canadian funds at current exchange rates. Foreign currency borrowings which are covered by forward exchange contracts are recorded at exchange rates established under the terms of such contracts. Exchange gains and losses on translation of current liabilities are considered to be realized and are reflected in the statement of earnings for the current

fiscal year. Net unrealized exchange gains or losses, resulting from the difference between the current exchange rate and the exchange rate at the date the proceeds of unhedged term borrowings were received, are deferred and carried in the balance sheet.

*(d) Amortization of debt discount and expense*

Debt discount and expense is amortized over the term of the related debt instrument. If the debt is prepayable at the holder's option, the amortization is calculated to the first optional maturity date. When a debt obligation is redeemed prior to maturity, the related unamortized charges are written off at the time of redemption.

**2. Gross Income**

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Income from receivables .....	32,817	37,478
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables .....	3,181	5,071
	<u>29,636</u>	<u>32,407</u>



### 3. Expenditure

The affairs of the company are administered by its parent, IAC Limited. IAC Limited is reimbursed for the cost of administrative services in a manner defined in an agreement between the two companies.

The aggregate direct remuneration paid or payable to directors amounted to \$32,000 (1977—\$33,000). Senior officers as defined in the Business Corporations Act of Ontario were remunerated by the parent company.

### 4. Sale of Receivables

The company sold approximately \$21 million of receivables at various times during the year. These sales resulted from the consolidation of the branch

network in preparation for the parent company's conversion to a bank. A net loss on these sales amounting to \$2,874,000 has been charged to the allowance for doubtful receivables.

### 5. Other Receivables

Under an arrangement with the parent company, the company conducts part of its banking business through a bank account administered by the parent company. Included in other

receivables is \$10,928,000, the amount established under the arrangement as being the company's portion of this bank account as at December 31, 1978.

### 6. Secured Term Notes

	Year of issue	Series	Rate %	Maturity date	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Payable in Canadian funds—	1964	1	5¾	April 15, 1984 .....	10,000	10,000
	1964	2	5¾	May 1, 1985 .....	10,000	10,000
	1965	3	5¾	May 1, 1985 .....	10,000	10,000
	1966	4	7½	December 1, 1986 .....	5,000	5,000
	1968	5	8¼	May 1, 1988 .....	7,500	7,500
				Par value U.S. \$000's	42,500	42,500
Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(c))—	1975	6	10½	September 1, 1990 ...	30,261	29,538
Series 6 notes have a sinking fund provision.					72,761	72,038
<b>Notes issued</b> at rates of interest varying from 7⅞% to 9⅜%						
Payable in Canadian funds—	Year of maturity					
	1978 .....				—	172
	1979 .....				15	15
	1980 .....				20	20
	1982 .....				5	5
					40	212
Par value U.S. \$000's						
Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(c))—	1982 .....		1,000 .....		1,187	1,094
	1983 .....		1,000 .....		1,187	1,094
	1984 .....		1,000 .....		1,187	1,094
	1985 .....		1,000 .....		1,186	1,094
			4,000 .....		4,747	4,376
					77,548	76,626

### 7. Debentures

The holders of Series "C" debentures have the right to prepayment on October 15, 1979, 1984 and 1989. Series "B" and "C" debentures have purchase fund provisions.

Year of issue	Series	Rate %	Maturity date	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
1972	"B"	8	April 17, 1992 .....	429	489
1974	"C"	11½	October 15, 1994 .....	15,000	15,000
				15,429	15,489

*Notes to Financial Statements*

for the year ended December 31, 1978 (continued)

**8. Unsecured Notes**—Unsecured notes comprise:

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Parent company—		
Interest bearing demand note .....	6,385	26,560
6% term note for U.S. \$852,000 (1977—\$1,193,000)		
repayable in equal semi-annual instalments until 1981 .....	1,011	1,305
	<u>7,396</u>	<u>27,865</u>

**9. Sinking Fund and Purchase Fund Requirements**

The sinking fund requirements for the five years ending December 31, 1979 to 1983 are as follows:

\$000's				
1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
1,780	1,780	2,492	2,492	2,492

Series "B" and "C" debentures have purchase fund requirements which are non-cumulative and under which the company is required to redeem only debt instruments offered to it, subject to limitations as to price and aggregate annual amounts. It is not possible to predict the amounts that will be offered by holders. The maximum purchase fund requirements for the years ending December 31, 1979 and thereafter are as follows:

\$000's							
Year ending December 31:							1984- after
1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1988	1988	1988
6,005	—	—	—	—	21	44	

**10. Unearned Income**

Unearned income comprises:

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Unearned service charges relating to personal loans .....	26,900	28,730
Unearned income relating to leasing receivables .....	30,815	25,075
	<u>57,715</u>	<u>53,805</u>

**11. Deferred Income Taxes**

Deferred income taxes arise from timing differences relating to the treatment for income tax purposes of income and expenses associated with the following:

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Leasing receivables .....	23,521	21,477
Unamortized debt discount and expense .....	(125)	(37)
	<u>23,396</u>	<u>21,440</u>

*Auditors' Report to the Shareholders*

We have examined the balance sheet of Niagara Finance Company Limited as at December 31, 1978 and the statements of earnings, retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included

such tests and other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1978 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then

ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

February 16, 1979

Coopers & Lybrand  
Chartered Accountants

*Board of Directors*

Allan P. Bolin  
Toronto, Ont.  
Senior Vice-President  
& Senior General Manager, IAC

Roland Chagnon, C.A.  
Montreal, Que.  
Chairman of the Board, Lallemand Inc.

Peter Kilburn  
Montreal, Que.  
Honorary Chairman, Greenshields  
Incorporated

Salvatore S Ilaqua  
Toronto, Ont.  
Vice-President and Treasurer, IAC

Joseph S. Land  
Toronto, Ont.  
Chairman of the Board, IAC

Byron F. London  
Codys, N.B.  
Retired, former President

Lawrence M. Machum, Q.C.  
Saint John, N.B.  
Partner, McKelvey, Macaulay,  
Machum and Fairweather

Douglas W. Maloney  
Toronto, Ont.  
President, IAC

Stanley F. Melloy  
Toronto, Ont.  
Executive Vice-President, IAC

William Moodie  
Montreal, Que.  
President, Canadian Pacific  
Investments Limited

Lyndon E. Nichol  
Rancho Santa Fe, Calif.  
Retired, Director and former  
Chairman of the Board, IAC

L. Ronald Woodall  
Toronto, Ont.  
President



# Niagara Realty of Canada Limited and Subsidiary

The primary activity of these companies is the providing of first and second mortgages and, additionally, the purchase of existing mortgages on an individual or portfolio basis.

Receivables overall increased during the year by \$132.5 million. The average mortgage balance outstanding at

year end 1978 was 35% higher than at the previous year end.

A reduction of 23% in general and administrative expenses was accomplished through the integration and rationalization of the companies' branch network.

The higher level of average

receivables outstanding plus this reduction in expense offset the effect of lower yields and the increased cost of borrowed funds. As a consequence, earnings remained at about the same level as in the previous year.

The portfolio of receivables is in very sound condition.

## Selected Niagara Realty Statistics:

	1978	1977	1976	1975	1974
Earnings (\$ thousands) .....	3,600	3,643	4,046	3,388	2,202
Total receivables (\$ millions) .....	397.0	264.5	249.1	202.4	176.1
Mortgage receivables (\$ millions) .....	319.4	258.9	248.9	202.2	175.6
Average mortgage balance at year end (dollars) .....	16,276	12,082	10,590	8,962	7,963

## Consolidated Statement of Earnings

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Gross Income</b> (note 2) .....	36,575	35,151
<b>Expenditure</b>		
Cost of borrowed money—Short-term debt .....	6,386	8,485
—Other term debt .....	19,297	12,230
	25,683	20,715
General and administrative (note 3) .....	5,561	7,251
	31,244	27,966
	5,331	7,185
<b>Provision for Income Taxes</b>		
Current .....	1,067	3,723
Deferred .....	664	(181)
	1,731	3,542
<b>Earnings</b> .....	3,600	3,643

## Consolidated Statement of Retained Earnings

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Earnings for the Year</b> .....	3,600	3,643
<b>Dividends</b>		
Preferred Shares .....	432	—
Common Shares .....	2,400	2,800
	2,832	2,800
<b>Increase in Retained Earnings for the Year</b> .....	768	843
<b>Retained Earnings—Beginning of Year</b> .....	8,206	7,363
<b>Retained Earnings—End of Year</b> .....	8,974	8,206

Niagara Realty of Canada Limited  
*Consolidated Balance Sheet*

as at December 31, 1978

<i>Assets</i>	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Cash</b> .....	—	1
<b>Unclosed Loans</b> .....	<u>2,049</u>	<u>1,223</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		
Residential mortgages .....	319,374	258,936
Commercial loans .....	74,727	—
Other (note 4) .....	2,913	5,553
	<u>397,014</u>	<u>264,489</u>
Allowance for doubtful receivables .....	2,321	1,945
	<u>394,693</u>	<u>262,544</u>
<b>Other Assets</b>		
Prepaid expenses .....	25	4
Income taxes recoverable .....	908	—
Unamortized debt discount and expense .....	2,500	1,846
	<u>3,433</u>	<u>1,850</u>
	<u>400,175</u>	<u>265,618</u>
<i>Liabilities</i>		
<b>Demand Note Payable</b> —parent company .....	<u>157,865</u>	<u>87,556</u>
<b>Secured Term Notes</b> (notes 5 and 6) .....	<u>204,761</u>	<u>149,846</u>
<b>Payables</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities .....	6,369	5,488
Income taxes .....	—	805
	<u>6,369</u>	<u>6,293</u>
<b>Deferred Income</b> .....	<u>3,782</u>	<u>3,457</u>
<b>Deferred Income Taxes</b> (note 7) .....	924	260
	<u>373,701</u>	<u>247,412</u>
<i>Shareholders' Equity</i>		
<b>Capital Stock</b>		
Authorized—		
2,000,000 8% non-cumulative, redeemable		
preferred shares of \$5 par value		
2,000,000 common shares of \$5 par value		
Issued and fully paid—1,500,000 preferred shares (note 8) .....	7,500	—
—2,000,000 common shares .....	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
	<u>17,500</u>	<u>10,000</u>
<b>Retained Earnings</b> .....	8,974	8,206
	<u>26,474</u>	<u>18,206</u>
	<u>400,175</u>	<u>265,618</u>

Signed on behalf of the Board      L.R. Woodall, Director      D.W. Maloney, Director



*Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position*

for the year ended December 31, 1978

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
<b>Sources of Funds</b>		
Operations—		
Earnings .....	3,600	3,643
Amortization of debt discount and expense .....	719	449
Provision for deferred income taxes .....	664	(181)
	<u>4,983</u>	<u>3,911</u>
Borrowings—		
Demand note payable—Parent company .....	70,309	(41,119)
Secured term notes—Proceeds .....	73,627	49,060
—Redemptions .....	(20,085)	(2,334)
Issue of preferred shares .....	7,500	—
	<u>131,351</u>	<u>5,607</u>
	<u>136,334</u>	<u>9,518</u>
<b>Uses of Funds</b>		
Increase in operating assets—		
Receivables—		
Residential mortgages .....	60,438	10,056
Commercial loans .....	74,727	—
Increase in allowance for doubtful receivables .....	(376)	(77)
Decrease (increase) in deferred income .....	(325)	800
	<u>134,464</u>	<u>10,779</u>
Dividends .....	2,832	2,800
Net increase in payables .....	(76)	(1,313)
Net increase (decrease) in other assets including other receivables .....	(1,711)	5,293
	<u>135,509</u>	<u>17,559</u>
Decrease in cash .....	(1)	(4,651)
Increase (decrease) in cash committed for unclosed loans .....	826	(3,390)
	<u>136,334</u>	<u>9,518</u>

Niagara Realty of Canada Limited  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended December 31, 1978

**1. Significant Accounting Policies**

*(a) Principles of consolidation*

The financial statements include the accounts of the company and its subsidiary, Niagara Realty Limited.

*(b) Allowance for doubtful receivables*

For residential mortgages the allowance is set up as a percentage of such receivables. For other receivables the allowance is established by evaluating individual accounts.

*(c) Amortization of debt discount and expense*

Debt discount and expense is amortized over the term of the related debt instrument. If the debt is prepayable at the holder's option, the amortization is calculated to the first optional maturity date. When a debt obligation is redeemed prior to maturity, the related unamortized charges are written off at the time of redemption.

*(d) Deferred income*

Deferred income arises from mortgages purchased at a discount and is taken into income over the remaining term of the mortgage on the actuarial yield method.

**2. Gross Income**

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Income from receivables .....	38,461	36,387
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables .....	(1,455)	(1,000)
Acquisition costs .....	(431)	(236)
	<u>36,575</u>	<u>35,151</u>

**3. Expenditure**

The affairs of the company are administered by its parent, IAC Limited. IAC Limited is reimbursed for the cost of administrative services in a manner defined in an agreement between the companies.

**4. Other Receivables**

Under an arrangement with the parent company and certain of its subsidiaries, the company and its subsidiary conduct a part of their banking business through a bank account administered by the parent company.

Included in other receivables is \$1,947,000, the amount established under the arrangement as being the company and its subsidiary's portion of this bank account at December 31, 1978.

**5. Secured Term Notes**

Year of issue	Series	Rate %	Maturity date	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
1970	"A"	9¾*	December 15, 1990 .....	4,610	4,610
1971	"B"	7%	December 15, 1986 .....	739	17,923
1972	"C"	8¼	August 15, 1982 .....	12,700	12,893
1973	"D"	7⅞**	May 15, 1988 .....	17,479	18,376
1974	"E"	9 ***	March 1, 1994 .....	23,178	23,460
1974	"F"	10¼	June 18, 1981 .....	9,733	9,834
1974	"F"	10⅜	December 18, 1984 .....	11,958	12,750
1977	"G"	9½	January 30, 1984 .....	49,364	50,000
1978	"H"	9½	May 2, 1983 .....	75,000	—
				<u>204,761</u>	<u>149,846</u>

\*Holders have the right to prepayment on December 15, 1980 and 1985.

\*\*Holders have the right to prepayment on May 15, 1980.

\*\*\*Holders have the right to prepayment on March 1, 1980.

Series "A", "B", "C", "D", "E" and "G" notes

and series "F" notes maturing in 1981, have purchase fund provisions.

Series "F" notes maturing in 1984 have a sinking fund provision.

IAC Limited has guaranteed all Series notes as to principal, interest and redemption premiums, if any.



## 6. Sinking Fund and Purchase Fund Requirements

The sinking fund requirements for the five years ending December 31, 1979 to 1983 are as follows:

	\$000's
1979 .....	708
1980 .....	750
1981 .....	750
1982 .....	750
1983 .....	750

Certain issues have purchase fund requirements which are non-cumulative and under which the company is required to redeem only debt instruments offered to it, subject to limitations as to price and aggregate annual amounts. It is not possible to predict the amounts that will be offered by holders. The maximum purchase fund requirements for the years ending December 31, 1979 and thereafter are as follows:

Years ending December 31,	\$000's
1979 .....	3,437
1980 .....	2,253
1981 .....	1,334
1982 .....	1,022
1983 .....	605
1984-1985 .....	43

## 7. Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes arise from timing differences relating to the treatment for income tax purposes of income or expenses associated with the following balance sheet items:

	1978 \$000's	1977 \$000's
Residential mortgages .....	1,158	971
Unamortized debt discount and expense .....	(234)	(711)
	<u>924</u>	<u>260</u>

## 8. Capital Stock

During the year 1,500,000 preferred shares were issued for a cash consideration of \$7,500,000.

# Auditors' Report to the Shareholders

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of Niagara Realty of Canada Limited as at December 31, 1978 and the consolidated statements of earnings, retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards,

and accordingly included such tests and other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1978 and the results of its operations and the changes in its

financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

February 16, 1979

Coopers & Lybrand  
Chartered Accountants

# Board of Directors

Allan P. Bolin  
Toronto, Ont.  
Vice-President

Robert Hémond  
Montreal, Que.  
Vice-President

Salvatore S Ilaqua  
Toronto, Ont.  
Vice-President

Joseph S. Land  
Toronto, Ont.  
Chairman of the Board, IAC

Douglas W. Maloney  
Toronto, Ont.  
President, IAC

Stanley F. Melloy  
Toronto, Ont.  
Executive Vice-President, IAC

L. Ronald Woodall  
Toronto, Ont.  
President and General Manager

## Directors and Officers

### Directors

- \*Joseph S. Land  
Toronto, Ont.  
*Chairman of the Board*
- \*Douglas W. Maloney  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President*
- \*Stanley F. Melloy  
Toronto, Ont.  
*Executive Vice-President*
- \*Harold Corrigan, C.A.  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President, Alcan Canada Products Limited*
- \*Peter Kilburn  
Montreal, Que.  
*Honorary Chairman Greenshields Incorporated*
- \*John A. Rhind  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President, Confederation Life Insurance Company*
- \*C. Harry Rosier  
Toronto, Ont.  
*Vice-Chairman of the Board Abitibi Paper Company Ltd.*
- \*Adam H. Zimmerman, F.C.A.  
Toronto, Ont.  
*Executive Vice-President Noranda Mines Limited*
- Peter F. Bronfman  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President, Edper Investments Ltd.*
- Stanley D. Clarke  
Montreal, Que.  
*President, Clarke Transport Canada Inc.*

- Ronald L. Cliff, C.A.  
Vancouver, B.C.  
*Chairman, Inland Natural Gas Co. Ltd.*
- George L. Crawford, Q.C.  
Calgary, Alta.  
*Associate, McLaws & Company*
- Pierre Des Marais II  
Montreal, Que.  
*President, Pierre Des Marais Inc.*
- William A. Dimma  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President, A. E. LePage Limited*
- J. Peter Foster  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President, Hugh Russel Inc.*
- Geno F. Francolini, F.C.A.  
Tillsonburg, Ont.  
*President & Chief Executive Officer Livingston Industries Limited*
- Helen L. Margison  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President, Shed Investments Limited*
- Cal N. Moisan  
Montreal, Que.  
*President & General Manager Standard Paper Box Ltd.*
- Lyndon E. Nichol  
Rancho Santa Fe, Calif.  
*Retired, former Chairman of the Board*
- Edmond G. Odette  
Toronto, Ont.  
*President, Eastern Construction Company Limited*
- L. Edmond Ricard  
Montreal, Que.  
*President, Imperial Tobacco Limited*
- Struan Robertson  
Halifax, N.S.  
*President & Chief Executive Officer Maritime Telegraph and Telephone Company Ltd.*
- Jacques Tétrault, Q.C.  
Montreal, Que.  
*Partner, Courtois, Clarkson, Parsons & Tétrault*

### Officers

- Chairman of the Board*  
J. S. Land
- President*  
D. W. Maloney
- Executive Vice-President*  
S. F. Melloy
- Senior Vice-President & Senior General Manager*  
A. P. Bolin
- Senior Vice-President—Consumer Services and Mortgages*  
L. R. Woodall
- Vice-Presidents*  
J. P. Barratt  
W. P. Davidson  
L. G. Gravel  
R. Hémond  
S. S. Ilacqua—*Treasurer*  
R. K. Jackson  
N. V. Keyes  
D. H. Lyons  
E. W. McCracken  
D. A. Rattee  
W. Smuk  
W. J. Van Wyck  
K. E. Woodall
- Secretary*  
C. R. Stewart
- Comptroller*  
J. J. Tors

\*Member of the Executive Committee of the Board as at December 31, 1978



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**Established with the following Canadian banks:**

The Royal Bank of Canada  
Bank of Montreal  
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce  
The Toronto Dominion Bank  
The Bank of Nova Scotia  
Bank Canadian National  
The Provincial Bank of Canada  
The Mercantile Bank of Canada  
Bank of British Columbia

**Established directly or through their affiliates with the following U.S. banks:**

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York  
Bank of America  
Bankers Trust Company  
Chemical Bank  
Citibank, NA  
Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago  
Crocker National Bank  
French American Banking Corporation  
Harris Trust and Savings Bank  
Irving Trust Company

**Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company**

Marine Midland Bank—Western  
Mellon Bank NA  
National Bank of Detroit  
National Bank of North America  
Schroder Trust Company  
Seattle-First National Bank  
Security Pacific National Bank  
The Bank of New York  
The Chase Manhattan Bank NA  
The First National Bank of Boston  
The First National Bank of Chicago  
The Northern Trust Company  
United California Bank  
Wells Fargo Bank NA

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## Transfer Agents

**Common Stock**

Montreal Trust Company  
*Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver*  
The Bank of New York  
*New York*

**Preferred Stock**

The Royal Trust Company  
*Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver*

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## Registrars

**Common Stock**

Canada Permanent Trust Company  
*Montreal and Toronto*  
The Royal Trust Company  
*Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver*  
The Bank of New York  
*New York*

**Preferred Stock \$100 Par Value**

Montreal Trust Company  
*Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver*

**Preferred Stock \$25 Par Value**

Guaranty Trust Company of Canada  
*Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver*

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## Auditors

Coopers & Lybrand  
*Toronto, Chartered Accountants*

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## Stock Listings

Montreal Stock Exchange  
Toronto Stock Exchange  
Vancouver Stock Exchange—  
Common Stock only



